

THE CROPS.

While we must know that much suffering exists throughout our country, and especially the Great West, on account of the scarcity of grain and other necessities of life, yet we cannot believe all that we see in our exchanges. Some of them represent many portions of the country as in actual starvation,—that the farmers have given up all hopes for a coming crop, and that dead hogs, horses and cattle are to be seen along the roadsides, having died from want of food. Now, we know that many portions of the country are actually suffering on this account, and perhaps in a few instances stock may have starved, but there is not that horrible state of things that is so often spoken of in newspapers. We know that provisions are scarce here, yet prospects are flattering for a bountiful yield this summer and fall. Several experienced farmers in this county have told us so, and we believe them. The truth is, many of these startling reports are circulated just to benefit certain speculators.

The Elizabethtown (Ky.) Reporter says:

"Our county has consumed all her surplus corn, and many have to send to Louisville for a supply, and many others are out of both corn and money. Other kind of food, for both man and beast, is equally scarce, and not only hogs, horses, cattle, &c., are suffering, and in many instances dying, but numerous families are almost entirely destitute of provisions, and without means with which to purchase them."

The editor of the Democrat, published in Indiana, says he has taken considerable pains to collect information in regard to the prospects for good fruit and grain crops, and comes to the conclusion that there will be an abundance of fruit and an average crop of wheat in Southern Indiana the present season.

Crops in Mississippi.—The Holly Springs Herald of the 16th ult. says:

"We have seen and conversed with a number of the planters of Marshall and the adjacent counties, during the week, and are happy to learn that the crops of wheat will turn out far better than was anticipated a few weeks since. Oats generally look well, and we expect a fair average crop of that grain. Cotton and corn look fine.—Farmers generally have good stands of each, and although our crops are five or six weeks later than usual, yet if we can have seasonable weather and a late fall we may make fair average crops."

Newspapers report a scarcity of breadstuffs in North Alabama. The citizens of Huntsville propose to call a meeting of the people of Hancock county, to provide means for the relief of her sister counties. In Hancock and other sparsely populated counties, the destitution is such that many cattle and hogs have died from starvation, and the farmers have in some instances deserted their homes, and gone to where they could obtain the necessities of life, leaving their fields and houses to take care of themselves.

In Arkansas the crops look well and prospects are quite flattering.

Fruit.—The Henderson (Ky.) Commercial says the peach trees in that section are fuller than ever before. It seems that the cold weather did not injure them in the least.

Why not enforced it?

We witnessed, on Wednesday evening last, a truly disgusting sight—a drunken woman staggering up and down the pavement on the square, cursing and yelling, at the tip of her voice, all kinds of blasphemy, and obscene language, fit to be heard in a state of semi-barbarism, much less in an enlightened, refined and moral community like this, where education is the order of the day, and where little children, school girls and ladies are almost constantly passing to and fro.

Why she was not arrested and lodged in jail, we are not able to divine; but this we do know—that if there is a law to prevent such hateful occurrences, the law was not enforced, and certainly this was a most urgent case in which to have exercised it. Shame, that such things should be permitted!

Owing to the past unseasonable and changeable state of the weather, many persons in our midst are "awfully" afflicted with a "mighty bad cold," and each one's cold is worse than any body else's, to hear them talk. Ask nearly any one you meet how he is, and we'll wager that nine times in ten your answer will be, "Very well, except a bad cold." We are among the thus afflicted, though convalescent now from the effects of that most excellent, sweet, palatable, and highly esteemed bowl of strawberries and cream, kindly sent to us by our good friend, Mrs. Harris. This was about the 20th gallon she has raised this season from a spot of earth not more than ten feet by five.

By-the-way, we've come to the conclusion that there's no better antidote for bad colds than strawberries and cream; but though the cure is sure yet it is slow, and we doubt whether we will get well at all until all the strawberries are gone.

We have received 17 or 18 new subscribers during the past two weeks and we would say to them: Do not take this week's Journal as a sample of its usual interest. We are laboring under several disadvantages, all of which will be remedied, we think, in a few weeks. We are making arrangements at present to enlarge our paper, thereby making it still more worthy a liberal support. But we won't grumble, for we must acknowledge that this year our fondest anticipations in regard to the success of our enterprise, have been realized; although, there are still some in this community who ought to yet do not take the Journal. But they may have some objection that we know not of—it certainly is not the two dollars for subscription.

Harmonian Club.

This Club will perform three or four plays, at the Court House, on Friday night next. When last they performed they labored under many difficulties that can now, to a considerable extent, be obviated. Before, they had no scenery at all—now, they have a beautiful lot, the original painting of which cost between four and five hundred dollars.

The object of these young men in organizing this society has been before stated, and we hope is known and appreciated by all in our midst. It is solely for their own amusement and improvement, and for the entertainment of our citizens, and not to make money. They have been at considerable trouble, besides expense, in order to produce plays worthy and interesting, and certainly no one will fail to visit them on account of the small admission fee which they are forced to charge, in order to defray their expenses; and we predict that any one who goes to see them on next Friday night, will at once recognize the justice and propriety of their charging for admission. Let there be a crowded house of our citizens and their families.

Library Burned.—By accident the library of Prof. J. L. Porter caught fire, on last evening, while he was absent. We are sorry of this, for we hate to see good books destroyed. Had it been a few moments later before the fire was discovered, the entire building must have been consumed.

Capitulation of Walker.

The information received with the announcement of Walker's arrival at New Orleans, that he had "capitulated" with all the force under his command, to Commander Davis, of the United States sloop of war St. Marys, was something that many, like ourselves, could not properly comprehend. The United States Government had in no way been a party to the revolution in Central America, and hence the difficulty of conceiving how an American vessel should become the ally of the Costa Ricans in reducing Walker and his followers to terms of capitulation and the evacuation of Rivas. This mystery is partially explained by a paper which we publish in another column, drawn up by Gen. Henningson, who negotiated the capitulation with Capt. Davis of the St. Marys, from which its terms may be gathered, as well as the circumstances under which it was made.

Gen. Henningson's statement is very plain and simple, and carries with it every evidence of candor and fairness. We trust, however, for the credit of our Government, that there is mistake somewhere as to the authority claimed and exercised by Commander Davis in his official capacity.

Capt. Davis seems to have acted throughout in concert with the Costa Ricans, having opened negotiations with them for the evacuation of Rivas without the knowledge or concurrence of Walker, and having, finally, in the enemy's camp, forced Gen. Henningson to accept the terms which he offered, by declaring that he had embarked Walker's schooner, the Granada, and had determined to seize it before leaving San Juan del Sud, which he further declared he would do in a few days. Gen. Walker's determination, when his position in Rivas became desperate, was, as stated by Gen. Henningson, to cut his way through the enemy to the Pacific, and embark on the Granada. This last means of escape, in the event he failed to receive succor, was, he learned, to be taken away from him by the seizure of his vessel by a United States man of war. He was, therefore, compelled to accept the alternative offered him, and capitulate to an American officer that had hitherto pretended to be neutral in the revolutionary struggle of Nicaragua. And all of this was said to have been done under express instructions from our Government. We acknowledge our surprise, but shall be very much mistaken if the people of this country will not require an investigation into this matter, with the view of seeing who are the responsible parties of such an unprecedented policy, and upon what flimsy pretenses it has been based. We agree in opinion with the Augusta Constitutionalist, that "if Walker had maintained himself at Rivas for a few weeks longer, he would have had no enemy but Costa Rica and her Central American allies to contend with—in other words, that the administration had determined that England should no longer sustain Costa Rica in its struggle against him. The policy of the part of the government of the United States—observing a strict neutrality itself, and requiring the same of Great Britain in reference to this Central American embroglio—would have resulted in the complete and triumphant success of Walker. But before it could be carried out, he is forced to abandon Nicaragua, by what seems to us the hostile intervention of an officer of the American navy. The affair with the light before us has an ugly look.

"In the meantime, Nicaragua, relieved of the presence of American filibusters, is left a prey to the intrigues and struggles of the rival interests of Leon and Granada, and is not relieved of the presence of the allies, who united to defend her nationality, and will now attempt to partition her among themselves, and quarrel over the division of the spoils."—Union and American.

Memphis, June 5.—Gen Walker arrived here this morning by the steamboat Woodford much earlier than he was expected, in consequence of which, but few persons were at the landing to receive him. Colonel Payne, of this city, welcomed him to his native State, and denounced Vanderbilt and the New York press as being the cause of his defeat, and not the Costa Ricans. Walker and Lockridge replied in substance the same at New Orleans.

Gen. Walker is in Memphis, in this State.

THE LENGTH OF HUMAN LIFE.—There are two things we chiefly wish for while we remain in this world—health to make life enjoyable; and length.—To obtain both depends mainly upon ourselves.

We do not simply die, we usually kill ourselves. Our habits, our passions, our anxieties of body and mind—these shorten our lives, and prevent us from reaching the natural limit of human existence.

The key to health and to long life is sobriety of living. It is the fashion of the present day to restrict the term sobriety to moderation in the use of intoxicating liquors. Misery and crime and death we trace readily to the neglect of this species of sobriety. We do not hesitate to say of a drunkard that he has killed himself, but we rarely speak of over eating as a serious or frequent shortener of life. Yet the food they eat causes to mankind at large more sleepless nights, more unhappy days, and more shortening of life, than all the liquors they consume. "Oh! miserable unhappy Italy," wrote Corrado, three centuries ago, "dost thou not see that gluttony is killing every year more people than would perish in a season of most severe pestilence, or by the fire and sword of many battles?"

A sober life implies moderation in all things. "It consists," says Corrado, "in moderate eating, in moderate drinking, and in a moderate enjoyment of all the pleasures of life. In keeping the mind moderately but constantly employed, in cultivating the affections moderately, in avoiding extremes of heat and cold, and in shunning excessive excitement either of body or of mind."

BLANKS

Of every kind, printed on fine paper, and for sale at \$1.00 per quire, cash.

Sheriff Sale.
By virtue of a fi. fa. in my hands for collection, issued by the Clerk & Master of the Chancery Court at Winchester, I will, on the 1st Monday, being the 6th day of July, 1857, offer for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, before the court-house door, in Winchester, a tract of land lying and being in Franklin County, Tennessee, on the waters of Bigg Harri-cana Creek; lies adjoining the lands of Jackson Creek, on the north, and on the east and south by the land of Jesse Gilbert; on the west by the land of J. L. Brown and Joseph Jones, containing twenty-seven (27) acres, more or less, to be sold as the land of Birtan R. Smith, to satisfy a fi. fa. in my hands in favor of D. D. Smith, adm'r, and against said Smith.
L. W. GONCE, Shff.
June 6 tds prs fee \$4 80

Sale of Town Property.
By virtue of a decree of the Chancery Court at Winchester, Tenn., pronounced August Term, A. D. 1857, in the cause W. E. Taylor against J. W. Custer and A. G. Black, I will, on the 29th day of June, 1857, before the Court House door in Winchester, offer for sale at public auction for ready cash, the town lot part of lot 12, in the town of Winchester, and which was sold by Jas. W. Custer to A. G. Black.
HU. FRANCIS, C. & M.
June 6 tds prs fee \$2

Rutherford Telegraph.
PUBLISHED AT MURFREESBORO, TENNESSEE.
W. T. F. OFF, PROPRIETOR.
R. S. NORTHCOTT, Editor.
American in politics; Circulation 1,000. Terms, \$2 per annum, in advance.

Ambrotype and Melainotype GALLERY.

Having concluded to remain in Winchester until the 4th of July, I take this method of informing the citizens of Franklin County generally that I am prepared and can be found at all hours (over James Campbell's store) at all hours of the day, ready to put up

AMBROTYPES OR MELAINOTYPES,
IN THE BEST STYLE.

My long experience as an artist, and a desire to please, assure me that I can give entire satisfaction, even to the most fastidious. Call and see it verified. Entire satisfaction given, or no sale. Charges moderate, and liberal deductions made where families are taken.
may 29—tf O. HUBBARD.

Administrator's Sale.
On Tuesday, June 9th, 1857, (and continuing until completed) at the late residence of John G. Bidle, dec'd, in Winchester, I will sell to the highest bidder, on a credit of twelve months, (except sums under \$5, which will be cash)

A VALUABLE LIBRARY
of Theological, School and Miscellaneous Books; one Book Case, one Sofa, one carpet, 41 chairs, 1 rocking chair, 10 beds, bedsteads and furniture, 1 crib and furniture, 5 small tables, 2 dining tables, 1 side frame looking glass, 3 small looking glasses, 2 glass vases, 1 accordion and accordeon preceptor, 3 pianos, 1 dressing bureau, 1 writing desk, 1 candle stand, 4 wash stands, 3 bowls and pitchers, 1 foot tub, 1 small trunk and contents, 1 clock, 1 pair mirrors, 2 stoves, 1 cooking stove and utensils, 2 cows and calves, 1 bay horse, a small lot of bacon, some salt, lard, &c, and all the household and kitchen furniture belonging to said decedent. Also the Stoves, Blackboards, Benches, Desks, and all the Furniture in the Academy house belonging to said decedent.

I will also, at the same time, hire, until the 25th December next, one Negro Woman, Lucy, about 40 years old; one Negro Woman, Mimma, about 37 years old; one Negro Boy, Billy, about 14 years old; and one Negro Boy, Charles, about 6 years old.

Bonds and approved security required of the purchasers before the property is removed.
J. FRIZZELL,
may 29, 1857 Adm'r.

Administrator's Notice.
All persons having claims against the estate of Joseph W. Carter, deceased, are hereby notified to file them, duly authenticated, with the Hon. Judge of the County Court of Franklin County, by the first of October next, the insolvency of said estate having been suggested as required by law. And all persons indebted to said estate are notified to come forward and make payment to the undersigned, as no further indulgence will be given.
LEWIS METCALFE, Adm'r.
Apr 18th, 1857.

BRAZELTON & CO.
Are now receiving, direct from New York, a general supply of Spring and Summer Goods, which added to those on hand, makes their Stock

EXTENSIVE & VERY COMPLETE,
and will sell them as low as they can to sustain themselves. They will take such Barter in exchange for Goods as can be re-sold.
In addition to the various articles usually kept, they have a supply of Eastern Carpeting.
[April 6]

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING.
BLANKS OF EVERY KIND, PAMPHLETS, PROGRAMMES, POSTERS, CARDS, CIRCULARS, RECEIPTS, FUNERAL TICKETS, DRUG LABELS, BILL HEADS, HAND BILLS, &c.

ST. CLOUD HOTEL,
D. T. SCOTT, PROPRIETOR,
Corner Spring and Summer Streets
NASHVILLE, TENNESSEE.

Gubernatorial Canvass.

APPOINTMENTS FOR SPEAKING.			
Somerville,	Tuesday,	June	2
Bolivar,	Wednesday,	"	3
Jackson,	Thursday,	"	4
Purdy,	Saturday,	"	6
Savannah,	Monday,	"	8
Waynesboro,	Tuesday,	"	9
Lawrenceburg,	Wednesday,	"	10
Pulaski,	Thursday,	"	11
Fayetteville,	Saturday,	"	13
Winchester,	Monday,	"	15
Jasper,	Wednesday,	"	17
Chattanooga,	Thursday,	"	18
Cleveland,	Friday,	"	19
Athens,	Saturday,	"	20
Madisonville,	Monday,	"	22
Maryville,	Tuesday,	"	23
Knoxville,	Wednesday,	"	24
Saverville,	Thursday,	"	25
Dandridge,	Friday,	"	26
Newport,	Saturday,	"	27
Greeneville,	Monday,	"	29
Jonesboro,	Tuesday,	"	30
Blountsville,	Wednesday,	July	1
Kingsport,	Friday,	"	3
Rogersville,	Saturday,	"	4
Bean's Station,	Monday,	"	6
Tazewell,	Tuesday,	"	7
Jacksonbo,	Thursday,	"	9
Clinton,	Friday,	"	10
Kingsport,	Saturday,	"	11
Sparta,	Monday,	"	13
Cookeville,	Tuesday,	"	14
Livingston,	Wednesday,	"	15
Gainsboro,	Thursday,	"	16
Carthage,	Saturday,	"	18
Lebanon,	Monday,	"	20
Gallatin,	Tuesday,	"	21
Nashville,	Wednesday,	"	22
Murfreesboro,	Thursday,	"	23
Shelbyville,	Friday,	"	24
McMinnville,	Saturday,	"	25
Franklin,	Monday,	"	27
Columbia,	Tuesday,	"	28
Springfield,	Thursday,	"	30
Clarksville,	Saturday,	August	1
Charlotte,	Monday,	"	3

The undersigned, candidates for Governor, have agreed upon the above list of appointments for the ensuing canvass.—They would have been glad to be able to visit all the counties, but the shortness of the time renders it impossible.

ISHAM G. HARRIS,
ROBERT HATTON.

Nashville, May 12, 1857.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS
Not only purify, but they make the blood richer, and add those principles upon which its power to resist disease depends.

Much operation with successful effect are the peculiarity of Brandreth's Pills. No man may expect perfect health, it is of great importance that a few doses be used by the wise. Our race are subject to a redundancy of vitiated life at this season, and it is as dangerous as it is prevalent, but Brandreth's Pills afford an invaluable and efficient protection. By their occasional use, we prevent the collection of those impurities, which, when in sufficient quantities, cause so much danger to the fine organs of the stomach and bowels. They soon cure liver complaint, dyspepsia, loss of appetite, pain in the head, vertigo, flatulency, and all the ailments which attend the impure state of the blood. In brief, Brandreth's Pills work their way to the very roots of the disease, cleansing in their passage, removing every unwholesome accumulation, till the blood is purified, the whole system renovated, and the functions and duties of life become a pleasure, where before they had been dull and weary burdens.

We have thousands of similar testimonials to the following, and such evidence can be had from living witnesses all around us on every side. It is from a gentleman of high respectability, whose letter can be seen at the Principal office he writes:

"I am now fifty-two years of age. For twenty years I have used your Pills as my family medicine, and I wish no other, and I have never had occasion to call a physician in my family, (save in the sickness of my wife with children) during the twenty years."

TRUE MEDICINAL PRINCIPLES.
Never extract blood. Blood is the life. By abstracting it, in painful diseases you may occasion the patient case, but remember this case is only the reduction or lessening the power to live. And by this taking away nature's tools you may prevent her from fully repairing the ravages of indigestion, and convert what might only have been the sickness of a few days or weeks into a chronic affection of months or years.

PURGED BY MEANS OF BRANDRETH'S PILLS.
This is the means which accords with nature—nature's remedy in fact. When sudden, acute or continued pain occurs, then to insure security you must take a medicine that will gently purge. There must be no shilly shallying, because every minute lost may be fatal.

Principal office, 42 Brandreth Building, 415 and 417 Broadway.

All Pills with 241 Broadway on the box, are counterfeit. The genuine are sold by respectable dealers everywhere.
G. A. SPOON, Agent,
april 21m Winchester, Tenn.

Music and Musical Instruments.
FIRTH, POND & CO.,
547 Broadway, New York City,
Manufacturers of all kinds of Musical Instruments, and publishers of Sheet Music.

Superior Sax, Corns and Cornets, with pistons and rotary valves. These instruments are all of our own make, and are warranted or no sale. Prices sent on application by letter. A liberal discount to leaders and teachers of bands, who are requested to act as agents.

Piano For Sale.—We have made Pianos for twenty years, and will guarantee every instrument or our make. Prices from \$225 to \$1,000.
Guitars of our own make, from beautiful mahogany and Rosewood. Prices, with a case, from \$15 to \$50.

Sheet Music and Musical Works.—Our catalogue stock of American and Foreign Music is very extensive. Lists upon sent. Every instrument or article of musical merchandise can be found in our stock. Dealers, teachers, schools and bands supplied.
F. L. TH. POND & CO., 547 Broadway, N. Y.
Between the St. Nicholas and Metropolitan Hotels.
may 1, 1857 2m

CATALOGUE OF NEW MUSIC.—WILLIAM HALL & SON, No. 279 Broadway, New York, have just issued an addenda to their general catalogue of music. It contains a list of all the popular new vocal and instrumental music published during the last year, and will be sent to any address in the United States, post paid, without charge.

A NEW BOOK FOR FEMALE ACADEMIES.—The Institute Chorae Book, a collection of the most popular appropriate and pleasing vocal pieces, adapted for class singing, by Francis H. Brown. Price 50 cents, or 10 copies \$5.

CUSTER HOUSE.
WINCHESTER, TENNESSEE.
The subscriber solicits a share of patronage from the travelling public, and the people of Winchester and Franklin county. His accommodations are good, and charges moderate. Call and see for yourselves.
M. CUSTER.

I run a good hack daily between Dechard and Winchester, and charge only 25 cents per passenger.
Feb 13 M. CUSTER.

FOR SALE.—A Bed Stead and Mattress. Apply at this office mar 6

A GREAT RUSH! MELAINOTYPES AHEAD!

HUGHES BROTHERS,
Melainotype, Ambrotype, Photo-graphic & Daguerrean Artists,
29 Union Street, Nashville.

These pictures (Melainotypes) are constantly receiving the unqualified approbation of Artists, Amateurs, and the public generally, as can be attested by the large number taken daily, by their possessing superior qualities over both the Ambrotype and Daguerreotype.
Our facilities being better and more extensive than any other Gallery in Tennessee, and having recently enlarged and fitted up our establishment in an elegant manner, equal to any in the North and superior to any in the South, we are now enabled to finish pictures, put up in a neat case, beautifully colored, for
Fifty Cents, and upwards.

Our patrons will find every convenience and accommodation, the RECEPTION ROOM being easy of access, on the FIRST FLOOR, adjoining which is a SPACIOUS TOILET ROOM for ladies exclusively.
N. B.—Constantly on hand the most extensive and varied assortment of Fancy Frames, Cases, etc.
HUGHES BROS.
Notice.—Photographs taken at our Gallery (late Dodge's) on the Square, over Hick's China Hall, from miniature to life size on canvases, either plain or colored.
may 29 m

SEAGO, ABBOTT & CO.,
(Successors to Seago & Abbott.)
Wholesale Commission Merchants,
ATLANTA, GA.

Especially for the sale of Tennessee Produce, such as Bacon, Lard, Corn, Flour, Meal, Feathers, Stock, &c.; also make collections for Banks and individuals on the most accommodating terms, and invariably remit with the utmost promptness. We frequently fill orders for Bacon from Tennessee, therefore those wishing to sell before shipment will do well to write us before selling, describing quality of sides, hams and shoulders, and also state the time of delivery and price, and if we have any orders that we can put it into, we will do so with pleasure.
All business letters, inquiries, &c., promptly answered. Liberal advances given either in cash or by acceptance on consignment.

A. W. RUSSEY,
MANUFACTURER OF
ALL KINDS OF HARNESSES,
Main street, nearly opposite Mountain House,
WINCHESTER, TENN.

Manufactures to order, and keeps on hand, a general assortment of Harness, such as extra fine Coach, Barrouche, Buggy, Trailing and Common Harness.
Carriage Makers will find it to their advantage to purchase of me in preference to manufacturing. Orders respectfully solicited.
Jan 15—tf A. W. RUSSEY.

LOCUST HILL FEMALE SEMINARY
Located two miles South-East of Selma,
FRANKLIN COUNTY, TENNESSEE.

The Trustees of this Institution take pleasure in calling the attention of the public to it, believing that there are advantages offered equal to any in the country, for obtaining all the elements of a good English and Classical Education, at the same time affording them from a distance a comfortable and cheap home. The situation is pleasant and healthy, and in one of the most moral and refined neighborhoods in Tennessee.

In addition to the present means of accommodating pupils, a two story building, thirty-six by forty-eight feet, has been commenced, and will be completed in a few months. Edict is also being made to secure a complete set of philosophical apparatus by the opening of the next session.

The Principal, Prof. N. B. SMITH, having for several years occupied the chair of Mathematics in Franklin College, Tennessee, the Trustees feel confident that he will be able to give complete satisfaction.

Miss LUCY E. BARNES, a regular graduate of Franklin College, Tenn., has charge of the Musical Department, and will give lessons in the French language, &c.

TERMS.

Boarding, per week,..... \$ 1 50
Boarding and Tuition, from Monday to Friday evening, per session of 20 weeks,..... 30 00
Spelling, Reading, Writing and Mental Arithmetic,..... 7 00
Geography, Grammar and Arithmetic, 9 00
Natural Sciences, and the higher branches of Mathematics,..... 12 00
Lessons on the Piano,..... 20 00
Lessons in the French Language,..... 10 00

A MALE DEPARTMENT has been organized, and preparation will be made to board a few small boys. Pupils coming from a distance will be required to board in the family of the Principal, unless they have relatives residing in the neighborhood with whom they can board.

The next Session will commence March 1st, 1857.

TRUSTEES.

Joseph L. Baker, Geo. W. Hunt,
Jefferson Estill, Thomas Mosely,
David Lipscomb, William Dameron,
E. Tarrent, Wm. C. Handley, Chairman.
Feb 6 ly

SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES.

The great reputation of Singer's Sewing Machines is found on the fact, that they are perfectly adapted to every variety of work, and that each one of them, kept Employed, will earn not less than

One Thousand Dollars a Year.

All persons desiring full and reliable information about these machines—sizes, prices, modes of purchasing, &c.—can obtain it by applying, by a letter or otherwise, for a copy of I. M. SINGER & CO'S GAZETTE, a beautiful Pictorial Paper, entirely devoted to Sewing Machines interests. It will be sent gratis.

Local Agents

Wanted in every Town in the United States, to whom liberal inducements are offered.

N. B.—We have made arrangements with many editors and publishers of newspapers, and highly profitable and satisfactory to them, and wish to make similar contracts with every newspaper and magazine in the country. For full particulars address

I. M. SINGER & CO.,
328 Broadway, N. York.
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